

Whistleblowing Policy



Approved by: Penny Harris (Director)
Jane Cox (Director)

Date: 5th September 2023

Last reviewed on: 12th September 2022

Next review due by: 5th September 2024

All policies are generated and reviewed with an awareness of equality and diversity in relation to pupils, staff and visitors. All policies are generated and reviewed placing safeguarding and wellbeing at the heart of all that we do.

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NSPCC whistleblowing helpline		0800 800 5000 help@nspcc.org.uk

1. Aims

This policy aims to:

- Encourage individuals affected to report suspected wrongdoing as soon as possible in the knowledge that their concerns will be taken seriously and investigated and that their confidentiality will be respected
- Let all staff in the school know how to raise concerns about potential wrongdoing in or by the organisation
- Set clear procedures for how the organisation will respond to such concerns
- Let all staff know the protection available to them if they raise a whistle-blowing concern
- Assure staff that they will not be victimised for raising a legitimate concern through the steps set out in the policy even if they turn out to be mistaken (though vexatious or malicious concerns may be considered a disciplinary issue)

This policy does not form part of any employee's contract of employment and may be amended at any time. The policy applies to all employees or other workers who provide services to the organisation in any capacity including self-employed consultants or contractors who provide services on a personal basis and agency workers.

2. Definitions

Whistle-blowing covers concerns made that report wrongdoing that is "in the public interest". Examples of whistle-blowing include (but aren't limited to):

- Criminal offences, such as fraud or corruption
- Pupils' or staff health and safety being put in danger
- Failure to comply with a legal obligation or statutory requirement
- Breaches of financial management procedures
- Attempts to cover up the above, or any other wrongdoing in the public interest
- Damage to the environment

A whistle-blower is a person who raises a genuine concern relating to the above.

Not all concerns about the school or organisation count as whistle-blowing. For example, personal staff grievances such as bullying or harassment do not usually count as whistle-blowing. If something affects a staff member as an individual, or relates to an individual employment contract, this is likely a grievance.

When staff have a concern they should consider whether it would be better to follow our staff grievance or complaints procedures.

Protect (formerly Public Concern at Work) has [further guidance](#) on the difference between a whistle-blowing concern and a free and confidential [advice line](#)

3. Raising a Whistleblowing Concern:

3.1 When to raise a concern

Staff should consider the examples in section 2 when deciding whether their concern is of a whistle-blowing nature. Consider whether the incident(s) was illegal, breached statutory or trust procedures, put people in danger or was an attempt to cover any such activity up.

3.2 Who to report to

Staff should report their concern to the head teacher. If the concern is about the head teacher or it is believed they may be involved in the wrongdoing in some way, the staff member should report their concern to either Penny Harris or Jane Cox, Directors.

3.3 How to raise the concern

Concerns should be made in writing wherever possible. They should include names of those committing wrongdoing, dates, places and as much evidence and context as possible. Staff raising a concern should also include details of any personal interest in the matter.

4. Procedure for responding to a whistle-blowing concern

4.1 Investigating the concern

When a concern is received by the head teacher - referred to from here as the 'recipient' - they will:

- Meet with the person raising the concern within a reasonable time. The person raising the concern may be joined by a trade union or professional association representative
- Get as much detail as possible about the concern at this meeting, and record the information. If it becomes apparent the concern is not of a whistle-blowing nature, the recipient should handle the concern in line with the appropriate policy/procedure

- Reiterate, at this meeting, that they are protected from any unfair treatment or risk of dismissal as a result of raising the concern. If the concern is found to be malicious or vexatious, disciplinary action may be taken (see section 5 of this policy)
- Establish whether there is sufficient cause for concern to warrant further investigation. If there is:
 - The recipient should then arrange a further investigation into the matter, involving the Directors, if appropriate. In some cases, they may need to bring in an external, independent body to investigate. In others cases, they may need to report the matter to the police
 - The person who raised the concern should be informed of how the matter is being investigated and an estimated time frame for when they will be informed of the next steps

4.2 Outcome of the investigation

Once the investigation – whether this was just the initial investigation of the concern, or whether further investigation was needed – is complete, the investigating person(s) will prepare a report detailing the findings and confirming whether or not any wrongdoing has occurred. The report will include any recommendations and details on how the matter can be rectified and whether or not a referral is required to an external organisation, such as the local authority or police.

They will inform the person who raised the concern of the outcome of the investigation, though certain details may need to be restricted due to confidentiality.

Beyond the immediate actions, the head teacher, directors and other staff if necessary will review the relevant policies and procedures to prevent future occurrences of the same wrongdoing.

Whilst we cannot always guarantee the outcome sought, we will try to deal with concerns fairly and in an appropriate way.

5. Malicious or vexatious allegations

Staff are encouraged to raise concerns when they believe there to potentially be an issue. If an allegation is made in good faith, but the investigation finds no wrongdoing, there will be no disciplinary action against the member of staff who raised the concern.

If, however, an allegation is shown to be deliberately invented or malicious, the trust will consider whether any disciplinary action is appropriate against the person making the allegation.

6. Escalating concerns beyond the organisation

The organisation encourages staff to raise their concerns internally, in line with section 3 of this policy, but recognises that staff may feel the need to report concerns to an external body, which could include:

- The Department for Education
- Ofsted
- The Local Authority Designated Officer
- NSPCC Whistleblowing helpline
- HMRC
- The Police

The Protect advice line, linked to in section 2 of this policy, can also help staff when deciding whether to raise the concern to an external party.

7. Links with other policies and documents

- Employee Handbook
- Complaints Policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection Policy
- Dealing with Allegations against Staff Policy
- Staff Code of Conduct Policy

- 8. Review** In order to ensure that this policy is relevant, if you have any comments to make please email directors@ontrackededucation.com